

"Expanding the Kingdom Reach"

The Price of Honour

By Ira A Jackson Sr



Recap: Honour Defined

- Dictionary: Respect, esteem, or the reverence received, gained, or enjoyed by a person or thing; glory, renown, fame; reputation, and a good name.
- Philosophy: Honour consists in living up to the expectations of a group, in particular, in keeping faith, observing promises, and telling truth.



Recap: Honour Defined

- Psychology: Honor is an abstract concept that includes personal, individual values ("ethos") as well as norms of social interaction ("code of behavior"). Honor is a measure of the quality of a person, including personal ethics, e.g., honesty, compassion, valor, and chivalry.
- Biblically: To give abundance, dignity, esteem, extol, glorify, magnify, majesty, praise, price, reverence, riches, splendor, value, venerate and worship, not just lip service but from the heart.



Recap: Hinderances to Honour

- 1. Full of themselves: Having a haughty spirit which leads to downfall. (Pro 18:3)
- 2. Familiar with Jesus: Judging after the flesh and not the spirit (mantle). (2 Cor 5:16)
- 3. Family and Friends: Moving and growing outside their circle and clique. (Matt 13:56)
- 4. Faithless Agnostics: Choosing to dishonor through offence and unbelief. (Matt 13:57)

"The value placed on someone, or something, will determine the level of the price paid in honour"

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Introduction

- God valued us so much that the price He paid, was Jesus His only son.
- Parents value us so much the price they pay is to provide, protect, be present and prepare us.
- People value us when they encourage, equip, empower us with opportunities to succeed.
- **We** value ourselves and things when we prize, pay the price and put our whole heart in.



Text: Matt 15:2-9

Then the scribes and Pharisees who were from Jerusalem came to Jesus, saying,

² "Why do Your disciples transgress the tradition of the elders? For they do not wash their hands when they eat bread." ³ He answered and said to them, "Why do you also transgress the commandment of God because of your tradition? ⁴ For God commanded, saying, 'Honor your father and your mother'; Thus, 'He who curses father or mother, let him be put to death.' ⁵ But you say, 'Whoever says to his father or mother, "Whatever profit you might have received from me is a gift to God"— ⁶ then he need not honor his father or mother.' Thus, you have made the commandment of God of no effect by your tradition. ⁷ Hypocrites! Well did Isaiah prophesy about you, saying: ⁸ 'These people draw near to Me with their mouth, And honor Me with their lips, But their heart is far from Me. ⁹ And in vain they worship Me, Teaching as doctrines the commandments of men.'"



Four Lessons

- 1. Transgress
- 2. Traditions
- 3. The Commandments
- 4. The Hypocrite



Lesson 1: Transgress

- 1. Acting treacherously against the elders.
- 2. Being deceitful, faithless and offending to the elders' and their traditions
- 3. Coming against or to rebel against their directives, laws, policies and principles.
- 4. Departing and break away from the elders' traditions.



Lesson 2: Traditions

- 1. Sect of three Jewish Schools (Essenes, Pharisees and Sadducees) (Acts 15:5)
- 2. Strictest observers of the Mosaic Rituals (Acts 26:5)
- 3. Self righteous trusted in themselves and despised others (Luk 18:9)
- 4. Separate traditions (fast, washing, parents and sabbath) contrary to Christ (Matt 15:3)



Lesson 3: The Commandments

- 1. Charge a function, office and service to keep, safeguard and watch over.
- 2. Command is to appoint, ordain give, follow and take orders.
- 3. Injunction are authoritive orders given by God, prophets or leaders. (Mic 6:8)
- 4. Precepts are divine principles intended to guide our behaviour and belief. (Psa 19:8)



Lesson 4: The Hypocrite

- 1. Actor a person just playing a part on a stage.
- 2. Feign or fake person just pretending.
- 3. Godless a person who pretends to be a believer but being the total opposite way.
- 4. Pretentious for the purpose of deceiving or gaining some form of advantage.



The Price of Honour

- 1. Address the sin (plank in the eye) in our own lives. (Matt 7:5)
- 2. Bring any culture, customs and or traditions in alignment with God's word. (Joh 15:5)
- 3. Commit to the commandments of God as the authority to live by. (Joh 15:7)
- 4. Desire to honour God in what they say and do in private and public. (Joh 5:44)

"He has honour if he holds himself to an ideal of conduct though it is inconvenient, unprofitable, or dangerous to do so.

Walter Lipman Journalist, Political commentator and Writer